

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/416,516	10/08/1999	SUSAN R. SALL	450.268US1	6265
24333 75	590 11/18/2002			
GATEWAY, INC. ATTN: SCOTT CHARLES RICHARDSON 610 GATEWAY DRIVE MAIL DROP Y-04 N. SIOUX CITY, SD 57049			EXAMINER	
			LEWIS, DAVID LEE	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
5 6	1,02 0.0.0		2673	
			DATE MAILED: 11/18/2002	2

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/416,516

Examiner

David L Lewis

Applicant(s)

Sall

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	tion appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address
Period for Reply	
THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION	
mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by st	R 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. tatute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). nailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any
Status	
	Aug 27, 2002
	☐ This action is non-final.
3) Since this application is in condition for a closed in accordance with the practice ur	allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is nder Ex parte Quayle35 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims	
4) 🗓 Claim(s) <u>1-33</u>	is/are pending in the applica
	is/are withdrawn from considera
	is/are allowed.
	is/are rejected.
	is/are objected to.
	are subject to restriction and/or election requirem
Application Papers	
9) The specification is objected to by the Exa	aminer.
10) The drawing(s) filed on	is/are a accepted or b objected to by the Examiner.
	to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a∏ approved b)∏disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required	I in reply to this Office action.
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	he Examiner.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	
	foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some* c) ☐None of:	
Certified copies of the priority documents	ients have been received.
	nents have been received in Application No
application from the Internation	priority documents have been received in this National Stage nal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
*See the attached detailed Office action for a	
14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for c	- , ,
a) The translation of the foreign language p	
	domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	· C
Notice of Praftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:
	0)outer.

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Applicant: Sall

Title: Method And Apparatus Having Multiple Display Devices

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 2. Claims 1, 2, 6, 12, 13, 16, 17, 23, 24, 27, 29, and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Rebeske (2950381).
- 3. As in claim 33, Rebeske teaches of a display comprising: a primary display device for a computer for displaying information from a session, figure 4 item 64; and at least one secondary display device for the computer, figure 4 item 70, the at least one secondary display device operatively coupled to the computer and stored in a housing adjacent to the primary display device, such that the at least one secondary display device can be extended from the housing and used to display further information from the session, figure 4 item 77, column 3 lines 11-30, column 4 lines 5-21.

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4. As in claims 1, 13, and 23, Rebeske teaches of a display apparatus, method, and system comprising:

a primary display device for a computer for displaying a first set of information, figure 4 item 64; and

at least one secondary display device for the computer, the at least one secondary display device

operatively coupled to the computer and stored in a housing adjacent to the primary display device,

such that the at least one secondary display device can be extended from the housing and used to

display a second, different set of information for the computer, figure 4 item 70, column 3 lines 11-

30. Wherein the exclusion of information provided on the first screen from the second screen

makes the second screen a different set of information from the first, given they are no longer

the same. The word "different" is interpreted as meaning not the same, or not equal.

5. As in claim 2, Rebeske teaches of, wherein the at least one secondary display device is operatively

coupled to the primary display device, figure 4 item 73. As in claim 6, 16, 17, and 27 Rebeske

teaches of, wherein the at least one secondary display device is extended from a side of the housing,

figure 4 item 77. As in claim 12, Rebeske teaches of, further comprising at least one hinge

coupling the at least one secondary display device to the housing, figure 4 item 73. As in claim 24,

Rebeske teaches of, further comprising storing the at least one secondary display device behind the

housing for the primary device, figure 4, column 4 lines 5-21.

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Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

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6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness

rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter

as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 22, 25, 26, and 30-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Rebeske (6295038) in view of Hendry et al. (5682529).

8. As in claims 22 and 30-32, Rebeske teaches of a system comprising: a computer, figure 1 item 1;

a primary display device operatively coupled to the computer, figure 2 item 2a; at least one

secondary display device operatively coupled to the primary display device and stored in a housing

behind the primary display device, such that the at least one secondary display device can be extended

from the housing and used to display information for the computer, figure 2 item 3 and 4, column

1 lines 58-66, column 2 lines 1-48. However Rebeske is silent as to said reconfiguration

module located in the computer wherein the reconfiguration module is initiated when the at least one

secondary display device is extended from the housing. Hendry et al. teaches of a reconfiguration

module, figure 1 item 22, wherein the display manager within the operating system provides

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obviousness as applied to claims 22, and 30-32.

plurality of display devices, column 3 lines 29-67, column 5 lines 55-67, column 6 lines 1-13. Further wherein Hendry et al. teaches this reconfiguration my occur automatically as a result of detecting the connection or disconnection of a device from the computer, for example upon insertion into or removal from a docking station, or the pivoting of a monitor from a portrait position to a landscape position. An example of a structure for a display notification is illustrated in Hendry et al.'s figure 3, wherein upon the rearrangement of the display system as taught by Rebeske, said notification would be shown to the user for input and or notice of said reconfiguration. Rebeske clearly teaches of a display devices within the scope of the invention as suggested by Hendry et al. Therefore it would have been obvious to the skilled artisan at the time of the invention to modify the computer display device as taught by Rebeske by utilizing the display manager connected to computer hardware aspects of the device as a reconfiguration module by including software as suggested by Hendry et al. to reconfigure the display systems upon extending a display from the housing for purposes of expanding the display view, because Hendry et al. suggests the need for said reconfiguration in a

computer display system with one or more display devices, as found in claims 22, and 30-32.

Further claims 25 and 26 would have been obvious to the skilled artisan for the same reasons of

communication between each of the software or hardware components, to dynamically configure the

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9. Claims 2-5, 7-11, 14, 15, 18-21, and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being

unpatentable over Rebeske (6295038) in view of Failla (5128662).

10. As in claims 2-5, 14, and 15, and claims 7-10, 18-20 and 28 Rebeske teaches of the devices as

applied above to claims 1, 13 and 23. However Rebeske is silent as to the specifics of said spring

loaded switching, cable connection, and inverter board features. Said features however represent well

known display housing interfacing components for connecting segmented displays and would have

been an obvious design choice in the implementation of the device as taught by Rebeske. Failla

teaches of a similar segmented display for a computer wherein spring loaded switching, ribbon cable

connection, and inverter board features are utilized to implement the system display, column 8 lines

40-60, figures 7, 13, 17. Each of said features would have been obvious to the skilled artisan given

their well known use in the art for the implementation of such displays as suggested by Rebeske and

Failla, as found in claims 2-5, 14, 15, and claims 7-10, 18-20, and 28. As in claims 11 and 21,

Rebeske teaches of said invention as applied above to claims 1 and 13, however Rebeske is silent as

to said plural secondary displays being extended from a top and side of said display. Failla teaches

of an alternative embodiment where secondary displays are hingeably connected to a primary display

for the purpose of increasing the view of a primary display. Given that the primary display of

Rebeske includes more information than the secondary display, it would have been obvious to the

skilled artisan to provided and additional hangably connect display or displays extending form the side

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of the primary display as suggested by Failla, modified by the extension from behind the primary

display as taught by Rebeske, for the purpose of increasing the display area of the primary and

information intense display, as found in claim 11 and 21.

Response to Arguments

11. Applicant's arguments filed on 8/27/2002 with respect to claims 1-33 have been considered but

are not persuasive. Rebeske teaches of displays with substantially the same information being

displayed, but none the less the information on the displays is not totally the same. Rebeske utilizes

software programing and therefore an interface to control features of permitting the operator to

exclude certain non-essential display matters on the second display screen while leaving those display

matters on the first screen. Given the word different means "not the same", Rebeske teaches of a first

and second display with a different set of information on each display. Even "substantially the same"

can be interpreted as different. The rejection is maintained in view of the broad interpretation of the

word different. Naturally this feature of Rebeske would have to provide a display reconfiguration

screen or interface as suggested by Hendry et al. to control making the first and second display

substantial but not the same. Rejection Maintained.

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Conclusion

12. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action.

Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded

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of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the

mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this

final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory

period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In

no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final

action.

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be

directed to David L. Lewis whose telephone number is (703) 306-3026. The examiner can normally

be reached on MT and THF from 8 to 5. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are

unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bipin Shalwala, can be reached on (703) 305-4938. Any

inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be

directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

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Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 872-9314 (for Technology Center 2600 only)

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Technology Center 2600 Customer Service Office whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

BIPIN SHALWALA

""SORY PATENT EXAMINER
"" CENTER 2600

Examiner: David L. Lewis